Transformation

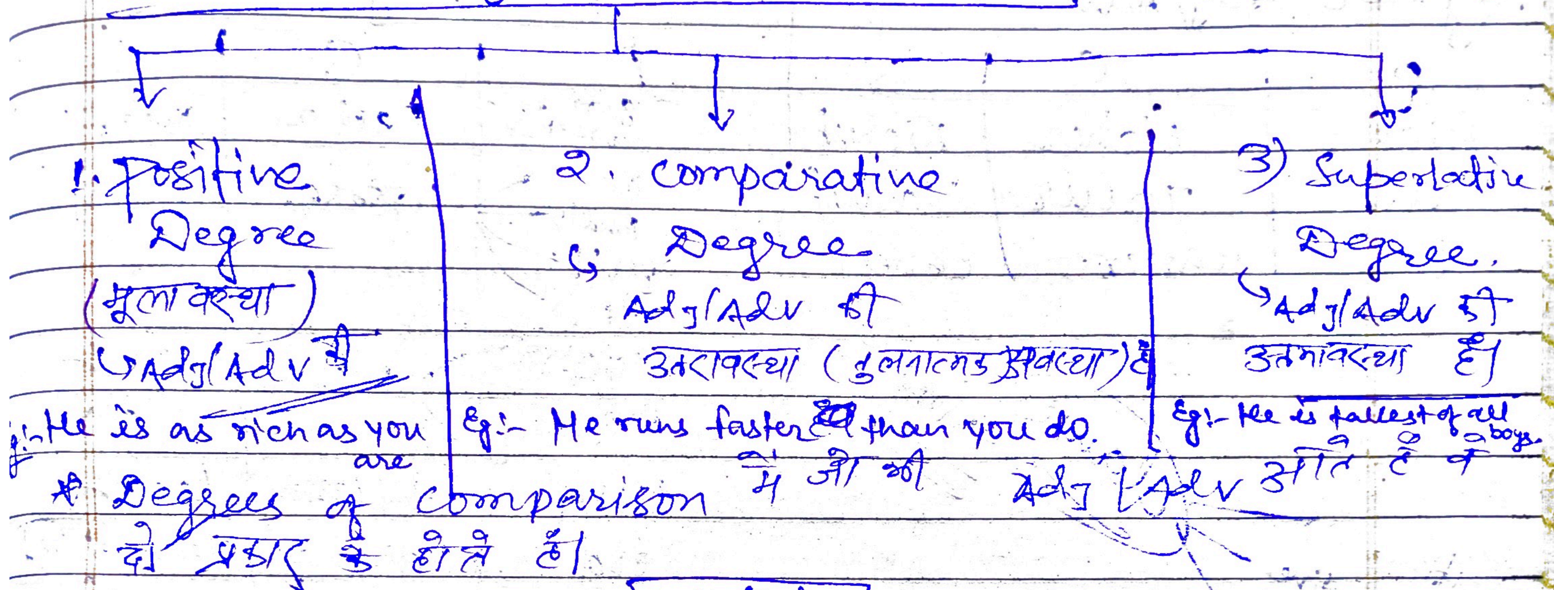
→ Degree of comparison
→ Voice
→ Removal of Too

→ To transform a sentence is to rewrite it to change its form without any change (alteration) of meaning and sense.

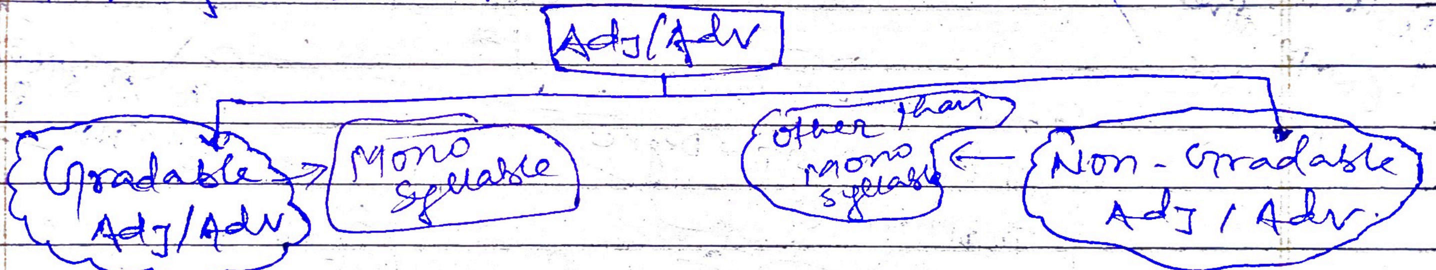
– He is a good boy
– He is not a bad boy.

→ अवस्था   Preinstruction → केवल Adj/Adv का होता है।

Degrees of comparison :–



* Degrees of comparison में और की Adj/Adv आते है व दो प्रकार के होते है।



Positive	Comparative	Sup.	Positive	Comp.	Sup.
Rich	richer	richest	Honest	more honest	most honest
Poor	poorer	poorest	Beautiful	more Beautiful	most beautiful
Fat	fatter	fatest etc	Prosperous	more prosperous	most prosperous etc.

* All adv/adj is in positive degree but may or may not in comparative & superlative degree

Adj

Gradable (monosyllable) Adj/Adv

Non Gradable (other than mono-syllable) Adj/Adv

Regular Adj/Adv

P	C	S
Rich	Richer	Richest
Tall	Taller	Tallest
Easy	Easier	Easiest

Irregular Adj/Adv

P	C	S
good, well	Better	Best
Bad, Badly, Evil, ill	Worse	Worst
Much, Many	More (Adv)	Most (Adv)
Little	Less/Lesser	Least
old	older/elder	oldest/eldest
far	further / farther	furthest / farthest

far — आगे, दूरी

etc

Clause required

Positive, Comparative, Superlative

comparative & superlative रूप लेकर positive Degree में कार्य करता है

जब भी और (adj/noun) explain करता है

Adj. कितनी

Quality में कमी और वृद्धि हो, उनको उनके प्रयोग Degrees of Comparison में किया जाता है।

positive form में होगा और positive Degree Interchangeable होने में कुछ अंतर है

Positive Degree (PD)

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Adj/Adv (दो रूप में) PD के → Interchangable ✓ (कुछ) / Interchangable ✗ (कुछ) → Non-Interchangable

- as ___ adj/adv ___ as + तुलना
- so ___ adj/adv ___ as + तुलना
- उतना ___ adj/adv ___ जितना + तुलना

(तुलना/बराबरी) तब Interchangable होगा नहीं तो Non-Interchangable

positive degree { She is a beautiful girl. / He is a good boy } Non-Interchangable

* यहाँ beautiful और good (adj) अपने मूलावस्था में है और ऊपर दिये pattern पर match नहीं कर रहा है।

मैं उतना धनी/अमीर नहीं हूँ जितना वह है।

eg: I am not so rich as he is.

↳ जब Negative रहेगा तब adj/adv → — so adj/adv as
↳ जब Affirmative रहेगा तब adj/adv → — as adj/adv as.

* Omission in positive degree: ommitte all the common b/w first clause & second clause in second clause in positive degree.

जितना match करेगा उसे दूसरे उपवाक्य से ommitte कर दिया जाता है पूरा ommitte नहीं करेंगे भी नहीं होगा।

* जब किसी वाक्य का subject तुलना (Comparison) में भाग न ले तब बचा हुआ Noun/pronoun जिससे तुलना होगी वह Nominative case में नहीं होगा बल्कि possessive case or objective case में होगा।

eg: उसके पास उतना चावल नहीं है जितना उसके पास गेहूं है।
उसके पास उतना चावल नहीं है जितना गेहूं।
He/she has not so much rice as wheat. → ~~Nominative case~~ → objective case

[इस वाक्य में तुलना wheat or rice में है।]

objective case
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They do not like me so much as (you).
or, They do not like me so much as they like you.
तुलना me or you के बीच हो रही है।
जो objective case में है।

Nominative case
He does not like me so much as (you) do
or, He does not like me so much as (you) like me. → Nominative case
तुलना He और you के बीच में है
जो Nominative case में है।

* जब किसी वाक्य में जितना - उतना के बीच adj/adv न आये केवल verb आए तब ऐसी स्थिति में so — as or, as — as के बीच में much (many) का प्रयोग आता है। → कोई adj/adv नहीं है केवल verb है।

Eg:- वह उतना (नहीं पिता है) जितना तुम
He does not drink so much as you (do).
only To clear Case.

उतना जितना के बीच Noun रहने पर
Uncountable के लिए → Much | Countable के लिए → Many

Eg:- वह उतना (चावल) नहीं खाता है जितना तुम
He does not eat so much rice as you (do).
He does not eat rice so much as you do.
Uncountable Noun - Much only to clear case.

वह उतनी पुस्तकें नहीं खरीदा है जितनी तुम।
→ He has not bought so many books as you.

वह उतनी पुस्तकें नहीं खरीदा है जितनी कलमें।
→ He has not bought so (many) books as pens.
many (adj) → books और pens दोनों को qualify करता है।
or, He has not bought the books so many as pens.
'the' is used only for suitability not based on any pattern/grammar
↳ इसका use so - as के पहले भी हो सकता है।
↳ यहाँ भी यह book और pen दोनों को qualify कर रहा है।

Common characteristics
things

* जब किसी किसी व्यक्ति / वस्तु की किसी "समान गुण / चीज" की तुलना करने और वह गुण / चीज possessive case के sign 'of genitive' से जुड़ा हो तब noun की पुनरावृत्ति को रोकने के लिए (sub Noun के साथ) उस चीज के singular होने पर that और plural होने पर those का use किया जाता है।

Eg: - पटना की जलवायु उतनी अच्छी नहीं है जितनी राँची की जलवायु अच्छी है।

→ पटना की जलवायु उतनी अच्छी नहीं है जितनी राँची की।

→ The climate of patna is not so good as the climate of Ranchi.

or, The climate of Patna is not so good as that of Ranchi.

* यदि किसी sentence / clause का पहला clause 's genitive से हो / of genitive का हो उससे मतलब नहीं है कि लेकिन that / those का use दूसरे clause के of genitive के use पर निर्भर करेगा।

पटना की सड़कें उतनी चौड़ी नहीं है जितनी दिल्ली की।

→ The roads of patna is not so wide as those of Delhi.

* यदि किसी sentence में दूसरे clause में 'of genitive' के स्थान पर अन्य किसी connector का use हो तो singular के लिए one और plural के लिए ones का use होगा।

Demonstrative / possessive 's genitive

Eg: - दयानन्द की गाड़ी इतनी सुन्दर नहीं है जितनी ~~[illegible]~~ मंगलम की।

Dayanand's car / The car of Dayanand is not so beautiful as that of Manglam.

or, Dayanand's car / The car of Dayanand is not so beautiful as Manglam's (one)

Manglam

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~~दयानन्द की गाडी उतनी और~~

दयानन्द की गाडी उतनी सुन्दर नहीं है जितनी मेरी।

→ The car of Dayanand / Dayanand's car is not so beautiful as my one / mine.

Practice :-

(1) वह उतना चालाक है जितना तुम।

→ He is so clever as you are. ✓

or, He is as clever as you are.

(2) आप उतना इमानदार और मेहनती नहीं है जितना मेरा दोस्त।

→ you are not so honest and laborious as my friend. ✓

(3) वह उतना मधुर नहीं गाती है जितना तुम।

→ ~~p~~ she does not sing so sweat as you do. ✓

(4) वह एक दिन में उतना पैसा खर्च नहीं करता है जितना उसका भाई।

→ He does not spend money in one day so much as his brother. ✓

or, He does not spend ~~too~~ so much money in one day as his brother.

(5) वह तुम्हें उतनी अच्छे ~~तरीके~~ तरह से नहीं जानता है जितना मैं

→ He does not know you so well as ~~I~~ me. ✓

→

(6) वह मुझे उतना पसंद नहीं करता है जितना तुम्हें।

→ He does not like me so much as you. ✓

CD → He likes ~~p~~ you more than ~~I~~ me.

(7) श्याम के पिताजी के पास उतने बैल नहीं है जितनी गायें।

→ Shyam's father / The father of shyam ~~....~~ has not so many oxen as cows.

→ Shyam's father / The father of shyam has more cows than oxen.

Manglam

(8) वह उतना नहीं सोता है जितना मैं।

→ He does not sleep so much as I do.

CD → I sleep more than he does.

(9) वह मेरी उतनी सहायता नहीं करता है जितनी आप।

→ He does not help me so much as you (do).

CD → You help me more than he does.

(10) वह मुझे उतना पसंद नहीं करता है जितना आप।

→ He does not like me so much as you (do).

CD → You like me more than he does.

(11) सिक्किम की जलवायु उतनी अच्छी नहीं है जितनी बिहार की।

→ The climate of Sikkim is not so good as that of Bihar.

CD → The climate of Bihar is better than that of Sikkim.

(12) ये कहानियाँ उतनी रोचक नहीं हैं जितनी आप की।

→ These stories are not so interesting as yours.

CD → Your stories are more interesting than these ones.

(13) दक्षिण भारत की नदियाँ कृषि में उतनी सहायक नहीं हैं जितनी उत्तर भारत की।

→ The rivers of South India are not so helpful in agriculture as those of North India.

CD → The rivers of North India are more helpful in agriculture than those of South India.

(14) आपकी गाडी उतनी महंगी नहीं है जितनी आपके दोस्त की।

→ Your car is not so expensive as that of your friend.

CD → Your friend's car is more expensive than yours.

15. आपका प्रश्न उतना कठिन नहीं है जितना यह।

→ Your question is not so difficult as this one.

CD → This question is more difficult than yours.

16. इस विद्यालय में उतने लडके नहीं हैं जितनी लडकियाँ।

→ There are not so many boys in this school as girls.

CD → There are more girls in this school than boys.

17. करना उतना आसान नहीं है जितना कहना।

→ To do is not so easy as to say.

CD → It is easier to say than to do.

Date: Page:

18. मेरे पास उतने मवेशी नहीं है जितने तुम्हारे दोस्त के पास।

→ I have not so many cattles as your friend has.

CD → Your friend has more cattle than I have.

19. वह मेरी कहानियाँ को उतना पसंद नहीं करता है जितनी तुम्हारी दोस्त की।

→ He does not like my stories so much as your friend's / that of your friend.

CD → He likes Your friend's story more than ~~one~~ that of mine.

20. आप उतना परिश्रम नहीं करते है जितना मैं।

→ You do not labour so much as I (do).

CD → I do more labour than you / my one.

Degree

Interchange of degrees of comparison from positive to comparative :-

Pos — He is as rich as you are

Comp — You are not richer than he (is)

* यदि Subject / object के बीच तुलना हो और वाक्य P.D में हो तो उसे CD में बदलने के लिए दोनो clause के subject / object आपस में change (interchange) होंगे।

* Interchange करने में PD Affirmative है तो CD Negative होगा और यदि PD Negative है तो CD - Affirmative होगा।

* You are (more) honest and (more) hardworking than me.

You are (more) honest and hardworking than me.

PD- He is as rich as you are.
CD - You are not richer than he is.

PD- He has not so many pencils as pens.
CD - He has more pens than pencils. Comparative Degree में PD की Comparative तुलना नकारात्मक एक की होती है

* जब positive degree में दो कि तुलना एक से हो रही हो यानि कि comparative degree में एक की तुलना दो के बीच से हो रही हो, चाहे as ...... as तथा या so ...... as के बीच adj/adv. gradable हो या non-gradable इसके पहले 'the' और adj/adv के बाद of का प्रयोग किया जाता है जब comparative में transform किया जाता है।

Eg:- Ram and Shyam is not so good as he is.
CD:- He is the better of Ram and Shyam. (दो की तुलना एक से)

PD:- He does not like so much as you. both of us
CD:- He likes you the more of both of us.

* यदि positive में दो या अधिक numeral से किसी एक की तुलना की जा रही हो तो comparative बनाते समय as ...... as या so ...... as के पहले (the) तथा adj/adv के बाद of का प्रयोग करेंगे।

PD:- The three are not so powerful as he.
CD:- He is the more powerful of the three के बाद noun नहीं

New Rule:- He is better than three boys.

Practice Exercise - 47

Interchange the following into CD.

Date: Page:

1. He is as good as Mohan.
CD → Mohan is not better than he.
2. P.D → She is not as good as Geeta.
C.D → Geeta is better than she.
3. P.D → Ram is as tall as his brother.
CD → Ram's brother is taller than ~~Ram (him)~~ he.
4. P.D → Sita is not as beautiful as her sister.
CD → Sita's sister is more beautiful than she.
5. PD → They are as powerful as a king.
CD → A king is not more powerful than they are.
6. I am not as dull as you.
CD → You are duller than I am.
7. I am not so rich as he.
CD → He is richer than I am.
8. My brother is as strong as a lion.
CD → A lion is not stronger than my brother.
9. This book is not so useful as that.
CD → That book is more useful than this one.
10. She is as intelligent as my sister.
CD → My sister is not more intelligent than she.
11. Coffee is as tasteful as tea.
CD → Tea is not more tasteful than coffee.
12. English is as easy as Hindi.
CD → Hindi is not ~~more~~ easier than English.
13. That girl ~~is~~ was not as beautiful as Geeta.
CD → Geeta was more beautiful than that girl.
14. Birds are not as useful as animals.
CD → Animals are ~~so~~ more useful than Birds.
15. Mohan is not as tall as I.
CD → I am taller than Mohan is.

16. A foolish friend is not as good as a wise enemy.
→ A wise enemy is better than a foolish friend.
17. ~~Jack is taller than Tom.~~ Sita is as healthy as her Mother
→ Sita's mother is not healthier than Sita.
18. He runs as fast as I
→ I do not run faster than he does.
19. The cat does not ~~does not~~ runs as fast as the dog.
→ the dog runs faster than the cat.
20. They work as much as I do.
→ I do not work [illegible] more than they do.
21. She knows you as well as I do.
→ I do not know you better than she does.
22. She does not like you as much as I do.
→ I [illegible] Like you more than she does.
23. She can't help you as much as I can.
→ I can help you more than she can.
24. I would as soon die as kill an infant.
→ No sooner did an infant ~~kill~~ die than I
25. This story is not as interesting as that one.
→ That story is more interesting than this one.
26. I know these wicked boys as well as you do.
→ you do not know these wicked boys better than I do
27. rather → selection বুঝায়।
→ I would sooner die than kill an infant

Practice.

Date: ________ Page: ______

Transform the following into comparative Degree.

1. He is as clever as you are
→ You are not ~~more~~ cleverer than he is.

2. You are not so honest and laborious as my friend.
→ My friend is more honest and laborious than you.

3. She does not sing so sweat as you do.
→ You sing ~~so~~ sweater than she.

4. He does not spend money in one day so much as hi
→ His brother spends more money in one day than

5. He does not know you as well as me.
→ He ~~does~~ knows me better than you.

6. He does not like me so much as you.
→ He likes you more than me.

7.

27/04/23

Degree of comparison.

Interchange of degrees of comparison from positive to comparative.

P.D → No other man in this city is as rich and prosperous as my friend.

CD → My friend is richer and more prosperous than any other man in this city.
→ singular

P.D → No other girl in this school sings as sweet as she.

CD → She ~~does not~~ sings sweeter than any other gir in this school.

PD → No other watch in this showroom looks as attractive as mine.

CD → My watch ~~is~~ ~~so~~ looks more attractive than any other ones in this showroom.

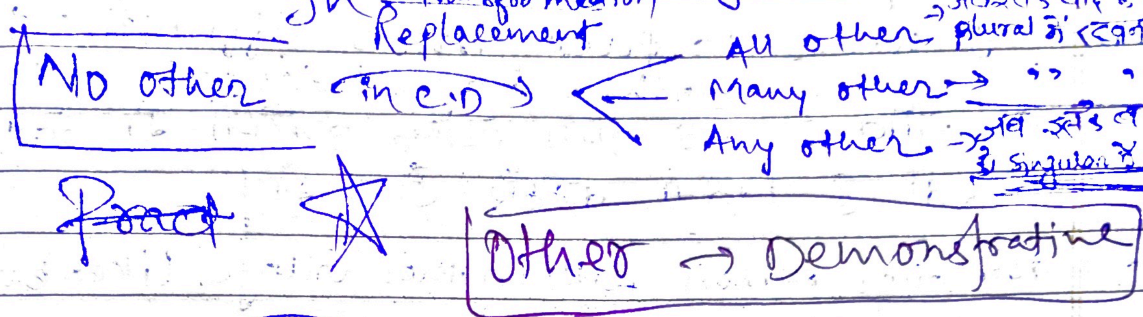
~~कोई~~ मेरे वर्ग में किसी अन्य छात्र के पास उतनी pencils नहीं है जितना पेन।

मेरे वर्ग के सभी अन्य छात्रों के पास पेंसिल से ज्यादा pens है।

PD → No other student in my class has as many pencils as pens

CD → All other students in my class have more pens than pencils. (students → plural)

No other के बाद का Noun हमेशा Singular होगा और sentence -ve होगा।



Practice 28/04/23

1. हमारे देश में कोई अन्य शहर उतना बड़ा और व्यस्त नहीं है जितना मुम्बई।

→ No other city in our country is so ~~big~~ large and busy as Mumbai.

CD → Mombai is bigger and busier than any other city (all other cities) in our country.

2. इस गाँव में किसी अन्य किसान के पास बेचने के लिए उतना चावल नहीं है जितना गेहूँ।

→ No other farmer in this village has so much rice to sell as wheat.

CD → All other farmers in this village have more wheat to sell than rice.

3. इस पड़ोस में कोई अन्य लड़की उतनी खुबसूरत नहीं ~~दिखती~~ है जितनी शीला है।

→ No other girl in this neighbourhood looks as beautiful as Sheela.

CD → Sheela looks more beautiful than any other girl in this neighbourhood.

Few → -ve sense | very few → -ve sense
a few – Affirmative | the few < Affirmative / -ve

Date: ______ Page: ______

4. इस छात्रावास में किसी अन्य छात्र को उतनी कठिनाइयों का सामना नहीं करना पड़ता है जितना मुझे।

→ No other student in this hostel has to face so many difficulties as I have. ✓

CD → I have to face more difficulties than any other ~~boy~~ student in this hostel.

5. इस गाँव में कोई अन्य व्यक्ति इनदोनों को उतना पसंद नहीं करता है जितना तुम्हारे दोस्त को।

→ No other person ~~lik~~ in this village likes both of them so much as your friend. ✓

CD → All other persons in this village like your friend the more ~~than~~ of both of them.

6. मेरे वर्ग में किसी अन्य छात्र के पास लिखने के लिए उतनी कलमें नहीं है जितनी मेरे पास है।

→ No other student in my class has ~~p.~~ so many pens to write with as I have. ✓

CD → I have more pens to write with than any other student in my class.

7. इस छात्रावास में कोई अन्य छात्र उतना परीश्रम नहीं करता है जितना मेरा दोस्त।

→ No other student in this hostel works ~~hard~~ so much as my friend

CD → My friend works more than ~~any other student~~ many other students in this hostel.

8. विश्व में कोई अन्य व्यक्ति मानवता के क्षेत्र में उतनी दूरी तय नहीं किया है जितना महात्मा गाँधी।

→ No other personality in the world has covered [struck out] so much distance in the field of humanity as Mahatma Gandhi has.

Excellent!
[signature]
29/04/23

CD → Mahatma Gandhi has covered more distance in this field of humanity ~~as~~ than any other personality in the world.

7→12 # Degree of comparison

Interchange of degrees of comparison from positive to comparative –

positive :- Very few students in this school are as intelligent as she is.
(इस विद्यालय में बहुत कम छात्र उतने तेज है जितना वह) नहीं है बराबर

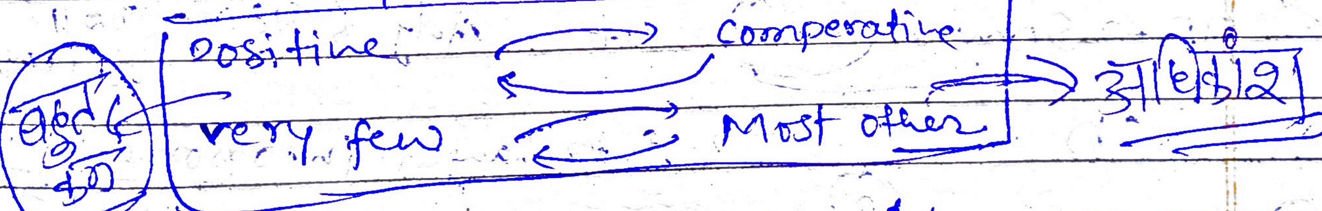
Comparative :- She is more intelligent than most other students in this school.
अधिकतर
(वह इस विद्यालय में अधिकांश अन्य छात्रों से तेज है।) → Hindi

PD :- Very few flowers smell as sweet as the rose does.
CD → The Rose smells sweeter than most other flowers.

PD :- Very few teachers in this school like you as much as me,
CD :- Most other teachers in this school like me more than you.

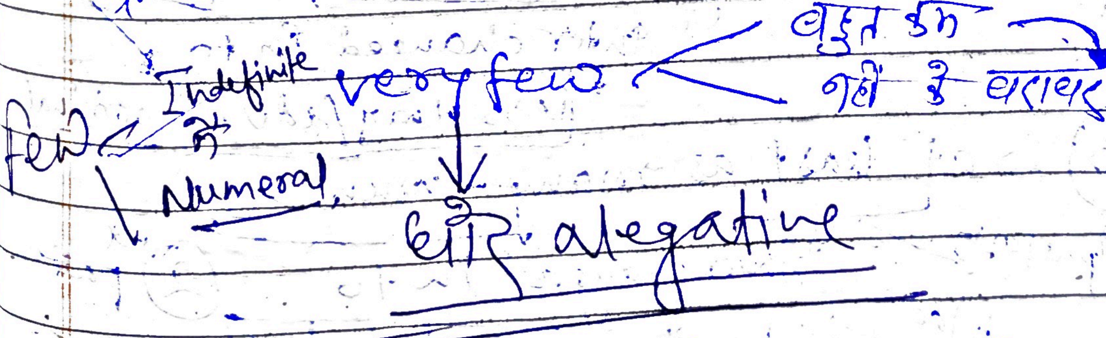
PD :- Very few teachers in this school help me as much as you do.

CD :- You help me more than most other teachers in this school.



Positive ⟷ Comperative
very few ⟷ Most other → अधिकांश
बहुत कम

* हिन्दी अर्थ निकालना Important है।



Interchange of degrees of comparison from positive to comparative :-

Date: ______ Page: 4

PD:- Some men in this city are at least as prosperous as he is.

CD:- He is not more prosperous than some other men in this city. — गुण की मात्रा में तुलना ज्यादा होती है

PD:- Some students in my class have learnt at least as many poems of William Wordsworth by heart as she has.

CD:- She has not learnt more poems of William Wordsworth by heart ~~as she~~ than some other students in my class.

PD:- Some flowers smell at least as sweet as the rose has.

CD:- Some flowers do not smell less ~~than~~ sweet than the rose. → गुण की मात्रा में तुलना कम में होती है

PD:- Some students in this hostel labour at least as much as he does.

CD:- Some students in this hostel do not labour less than he.

PD:- Some boys have bought at least as many toys as your friend has.

CD:- Some boys have not bought fewer toys than your friend.

Affirmative sense

PD → Some + noun (plural) + Adj के पहले हमेशा at least.

① → CD → Interchanged into Some other + noun (plural)

② → CD → (a) at least as adj/adv / at least as much → Interchanged into less + adj/adv → original

(b) → at least as many + noun as → Interchanged into

① 1st pattern → more + adj/adv (some other + noun) — यहां many है इसलिए

② 2nd pattern → fewer + adj/adv — क्योंकि → गुणों के संख्या

→ or → 2nd pattern Hint

Exercise - 49

Date: ______ Page: ______

6. No other boy is as good as shyam.
CD → Shyam is better than many/~~any/~~ all other boy.
SD → Shyam is the best of all boys.
or, ~~Shyam is the best boy.~~

7. No other English dramatist is as Great as Shakespeare.
→ Shakespeare is Greater than any other English dramatist.
SD:- Shakespeare is the greatest of all english dramatists.
or, Shakespeare is the greatest english dramatist.

8. No other seaports in India is as busy as Mumbai.
CD:- → Mumbai is busier than all other seaports in India.
SD:- Mumbai is the busiest of all seaports in India.
or, Mumbai is the busiest seaport in India.

9. No other ruler in India was as great as Ashoka.
CD → Ashoka was Greater than all other rulers in India.
SD:- Ashoka was the greatest of all rulers in India.
or, Ashoka was the greatest ruler in India.

10. No other book in India ~~to~~ is so popular as the Ramayana.
CD → The Ramayana is more popular than any other books in India.

(16) Very few students are as rich as Rajesh.
CD → Rajesh is richer than most other students.
S.D:- Rajesh is one of the richest students.
or, ~~Rajesh is one of the richest students.~~

(17) Very few countries are as hot as Saudi Arabia.
→ Saudi Arabia is hotter than most other countries.
SD:- Saudi Arabia is one of the ~~hottest~~ ~~great~~ countries.
or, Saudi Arabia is one of the hottest ~~countries~~. countries

(18) Very few houses in this town are as good as this one.
CD → This house is better than most other ~~houses~~ ones in this town.

(19) Very few statesmen in India were so great as Pt. Nehru.
CD ~~(20)~~ → Pt. Nehru was greater than most other statesmen in India.
SD:- Pt. Nehru was one of the greatest of ~~all~~ statesmen ~~in~~ India.
or, Pt. Nehru was one of the greatest statesman in India.

SD :- The rose is one of the sweatest of ~~all flowers~~.
or, The rose is one of the sweatest flowers.

20 → very few flowers are as sweat as the rose.
→ ~~Most other flowers are sweater the~~
(1) → The rose is sweater than most other flowers.

23 → very few Indian towns are so big as Mumbai.
→ Mumbai is bigger than most other Indian towns.
SD :- Mumbai is one of the biggest of ~~all the~~ Indian towns.
or, Mumbai is one of the biggest Indian towns.

24 → No other boy in my school is as tall as he.
(1) → He is taller than any other boys in my school.
SD :- He is the tallest of all boys in my school.
or, He is the tallest boy in my school.

30 Some beans are at least as ~~healthy~~ healthful as meat.
→ Meat is not more healthful than some other beans.
or, Some beans are not ~~more~~ less healthful than meat.

31 Some towns in Bihar are atleast as busy as Muzaffarpur.
→ Muzaffarpur is not ~~less busy~~ busier than some other towns in Bihar
or, Some towns in Bihar are not less busy than Muzaffarpur.

SD :- The Ramayana is the most popular of all books in India.
or,
The Ramayana is the most popular book in India.

→ SD :- ~~Meat is not the most healthful of all~~ of all kinds of beans.

→ SD :- Muzaffarpur is one of the busiest ~~of~~ all towns in Bihar / town

→ SD :- This house is one of the best ~~of all~~ ~~houses~~ ones in this town.
or, This house is one of the best ones in this town.

Mistake → very few (f.o.b.c) → f.v
के रूप में of all कभी नहीं
लगाना है

[illegible]

15/5/23

(2) Interchange of degree of comparison from positive to superlative.

PD:- No other boy in my family (is) as clever and Intelligent as he is. (is → f.v.)

SD:- He is the cleverest and most Intelligent ~~b~~ of all boys in my family.

सर्वो. वि. / सभी लड़कों ←

or, He is the cleverest and most other Intelligent boy in my family.

(सर्वो adj/adv) (when to be क्रिया is used as f.v.) → Removed (of all)

PD:- No other student in this hostel labours as much as he.

SD:- He labours the most of all students in this hostel.

PD:- No other boy solved ~~the most~~ as many questions ~~of all boys~~ as my friend.

SD:- My friend solved the most question of all boys.

PD:- No other man in this village has as much wheat as rice to sell.

SD:- No change.

* सब / सभी से का भाव → Superlative → Adj/Adv से उत्पन्न
* जिसे ~~—~~ P.D में,

Condition:-2 No others / very few / some + noun / ~~आया~~ Atleast आया हो तो केवल उसी तरह के PD को SD में change किया जाता है और इन सभी के अलावा और किसी भी PD को किसी कीमत पर / ~~किसी~~ CD में नहीं change कर सकते हैं

Condition:-2:- इसके साथ - साथ पहले वाक्य का subject का तुलना में भाग लेना जरूरी है तथा subject के तुलना ना होने पर वह Non-interchangable होगा।

Interchange

Rules for transformation of SD from P.D :-

Rule: 1:- if PD:- Negative then SD: Affirmative
if PD:- Affirmative then SD - Negative.

Rule:-2:- स्थानांतरण same as PD to C.D Rules.

Rule:-3:- Adj/Adv को PD से SD में change करते समय उसके पहले 'the' का use अनिवार्य है। (केवल possessive को छोड़कर)

Rule:-4:- No other + Noun (singular) ⟷ of all + Noun (plural)

Rule:-5:- Rich and clever → the Richest and cleverest
→ the Richest and the cleverest

Rich and beautiful → The Richest and most beautiful
→ The Richest and the most beautiful

Powerful and beautiful → The most powerful and beautiful
→ The most powerful and most beautiful
The most powerful and the most beautiful.

Rule:-6:- To (be) क्रिया f.v के रूप में use हो तो of all को हटाया जायेगा और noun singular हो जायेगा।

He is as rich as you aren't. (-ve है इसलिए स्थान नहीं बदलेगा)
→ He is ~~as rich as~~ richer than you are.

Practice 17/05/23

Date: ______ Page: ______

1. No other city in our country is so large and busy as Mumbai

→ Mumbai is the largest and busiest ~~cities~~ of all cities in our country.

→ Mumbai is the largest and busiest city in our country.

2. No farmer in this village has so much rice to sell as wheat.

→ No change.

3. No other girl in this neighbourhood looks as beautiful as Sheela.

→ Sheela looks the most beautiful of all girls in this neighbourhood.

4. No other student in this hostel has to face so many difficulties as I have.

→ I have to face the most difficulties of all students in this hostel.

5. No other person in this village likes both of them so much as your friend.

→ ~~Your friend likes both of them~~ No change

6. No other student in my class has so many pens to write with as I have

→ I have the most pens to write with of all students in my class.

7. No other student in this hostel works so much as my friend.

→ My friend works the most of all students in this school.

8. No other personality in the world has ~~covered~~ covered so much distance in the field of humanity as Mahatma Gandhi has.

→ Mahatma Gandhi has covered the most distance in the field of humanity of all personalities in the world.

Excellent!
17/05/23

Very few ⟷ One of the

Interchange of degrees of comparison from positive to superlative :-

PD:- Very few emperors in ancient India were as great and generous as Akbar was. (बहुत कम (नहीं के बराबर) राजा उतने महान और उदार थे जितना कि अकबर)

SD:- Akbar was one of the greatest and most generous emperors in ancient India. (अकबर सबसे महान और उदार सम्राटों में से एक थे)

PD:- Very few men in this city are as rich as your friend.

SD:- Your friend is one of the richest men in this city.

(इस विद्यालय में बहुत कम (नहीं के बराबर) उतना मधुर गाती है जितना वह है)

PD:- Very few girls in this school sing as sweet as she does.

SD:- She is one of the girls in this school who sing the sweetest.

↳ वह इस विद्यालय में उन लड़कियों में से (एक) है जो मधुर गाती है। में से एक है

वह इस विद्यालय में ~~मधुर~~ मधुर गाने वाली लड़कियों में

PD:- Very few students in this hostel ~~who had the most~~ had as many books for the preparation of Board Exam. as he (जिनके पास comp... उन छात्रों में से एक था)

SD:- He was one of the students in this hostel who had the most books for the preparation of Board Exam. (सबसे अधिक पुस्तक रखने वाले छात्रों में से एक था)

PD:- Very few farmers in this village have as much rice as wheat.

SD:- No change.

· Negative — plural — (To be क्रिया)

Date: ______ Page: ______

First — very few + noun → verb used → plural

very few → SD' → one of the (Adj. के पहले / के बाद) Noun → plural

(2) Examples

(3 & 4) Example

PD! — किसी भी PD में very few के use के साथ-साथ past tense को छोड़कर (+ past tense के sense वाले sentences) और To be क्रिया को छोड़कर (F.V के रूप में) जो भी sentence में क्रिया किसी भी Tense (present / future) में आया हो तो वह इस pattern पर बनेगा।

SD. → अपने तरह से is/are/am/was/were (To be) क्रिया को Subject के हिसाब से क्रिया बनायेंगे। इसके तुरंत बाद "one of the + noun" Anticident आयेगा + comp के बाद Anticident → व्यक्ति/प्राणी Indicating → Relative pronoun (who). वस्तु Indicating pronoun → which (जब समझ नहीं आये कि व्यक्ति/वस्तु सूचक है तो that का use दोनों में होगा) + क्रिया (plural) → (because इस क्रिया का नम्बर Relative pronoun पर नहीं बल्कि anticident के अनुसार इसका number होगा। + The + Superlative form.

Translate the following into English and then change them into comparative Degree :-

1. कोई अन्य फूल उतना चमकदार, सुन्दर और आकर्षक नहीं दिखता है जितना गुलाब।

PD → No other flower looks so bright, beautiful and attractive as the Rose.

CD → The Rose looks brighter, more beautiful and attractive than all/many other flowers.

2. विश्व में कोई अन्य चोटी उतनी ऊँची नहीं है जितनी माउण्ट एवरेस्ट।

PD → No other peak in the world is so high as the Mount Everest.

CD → The Mount Everest is higher than all other peaks in the world

3. इस विद्यालय का कोई अन्य शिक्षक परीक्षाभवन में मेरी उतनी सहायता नहीं करते हैं जितनी तुम्हारी।

In the examination hall,

PD → No other teacher of this school helps me as much as you.

CD → In the examination hall, ~~No other~~ all other teachers of this schools help you more than me.

4. इस छात्रावास में कुछ छात्रों को कमसे कम रामायण की उतनी पंक्तियाँ कंठस्थ है जितनी शीला को।

→ Some students in this hostel have got atleast as many ~~stanzas~~ lines of the Ramayana by heart as Sheela has.

CD → Sheela has not got ~~atleast~~ more lines of the Ramayana by heart than some other students in this hostel have.

or, → Some students in this ~~school~~ hostel have not got ~~less~~ fewer lines of the Ramayana by heart than Sheela has.

5. इस शहर में गिने - चुने (बहुत कम) खिलाड़ी फुटबाल मैच में उतना गोल किए है जितना मेरे भाई का एक दोस्त।

→ Very few players in this city have ~~made~~ scored as many goals in the football match as ~~one of~~ a friend of my brother's

CD :- A friend of my brother's has scored/made more goals in the football match than most other players in this city.

Date: ______ Page: ______

6. इस छात्रावास में गिने-चुने छात्रों को परीक्षा से सम्बन्धित उतनी कठिनाइयों का सामना करना पड़ा जितना मुझे।

PD → Very few students in this hostel had to face as many difficulties ~~related to~~ pertaining to exam as I.

CD → I had to face more difficulties pertaining to examinati.. than most other students in this hostel.

7. इस दुकान में कुछ घड़ियाँ कम से कम उतनी खुबसूरत और आकर्षक दिखती है जितनी मेरी।

PD → Some watches in this shop look atleast as beautiful and attractive as my one.

CD → My watch does not look more beautiful and attractive than some other ones in this shop.

or, Some watches in this shop do not look less beautiful and attractive than my one.

8. परीक्षाभवन में कुछ परीक्षार्थी कम से कम प्रश्न पत्र के उतने सवालों को हल कर सकेंगे जितना वह।

→ Some examinees in the exam hall will be able to solve atleast as many questions of the question paper as he.

CD :- He will not be able to solve more questions of the question paper than some other examinees in exam hall.

or, Some examinees in the exam hall will not be able to solve fewer questions of the question paper than he.

9. भारत में कुछ व्यक्ति देश के भविष्य के बारे में कम से कम उतना सोचते हैं जितना प्रधानमंत्री।

PD → Some personalities in India think atleast as much (about the future of the country) as the Prime Minister.

CD :- → The Prime Minister does not think about the future of the country more than some other personalities in India.

or, → Some personalities in India do not think about the future of the country less than the Prime Minister.

10. इस पड़ोस में बहुत कम लड़कियाँ उतना खुबसूरत दिखती है जितनी वह।

→ Very few girls in this neighbourhood look as beautiful as she does.

CD :- She looks more beautiful than most other girls in this neighbourhood.

Date: Page:

11. कुछ लड़कों के पास खर्च करने के लिए कम से कम उतना पैसा है जितना तुम्हारे एक दोस्त के पास।

→ Some boys have atleast as much money to spend as a friend of yours has.

CD:- a friend of yours has not spend more money ~~than~~ some other boys.

Or. some boys have not less money to spend than a friend of yours.

12. इस गाँव में गिने-चुने किसान उतना गेहूँ बेच सकते है जितना चावल।

→ very few farmers in this village can sell as much wheat as rice.

CD:- Most other farmers in this village can sell more rice than wheat.

13. विश्व में कोई अन्य व्यक्ति मानवता के क्षेत्र में उतना दूरी तय नहीं किया है जितना महात्मा गाँधी।

→ No other ~~person~~ personality in the world has ~~not~~ covered as much distance in the field of humanity as ~~the~~ Mahatma Gandhi.

CD. ~~Anyother~~ pe Mahatma Gandhi has covered more distance in the field of humanity than any other personality in the world.

14. इस पुस्तक में बहुत कम ~~कहानियाँ~~ सवाल (नहीं के बराबर) हल करने के लिए उतना आसान दिखते है जितना यह।

→ very few questions of this book look as easy to solve as this one.

CD:- This question looks ~~more~~ easier to solve than most of ones of this book.

SD:- This question is one of the ones ~~the~~ questions of this book which look the ~~m~~ easiest to solve

② Degrees of comparison

Date: ________ Page: ________

Interchange of degrees of comparison from positive to superlative.

PD :- No other boy in my family is as tall as Ramesh.

Rule:- [Interchangeability of PD to SD]

* No other / very few or Some + noun + atleast वाले positive degree ~~को~~ ही SD में Interchange किया जा सकता है। अन्य सभी PD वाले sentence को SD में ~~ch~~ interchange नहीं कर सकते हैं।

Eg:-

He is as good as you are → superlative form

इस वाक्य में adj/adv अपने उत्तमावस्था कभी नहीं आयेगा क्योंकि यहाँ तुलना किन्हीं दो defined व्यक्ति या वस्तु के बीच तुलना हो रही है।

* No other / very few or some + noun / atleast होने के बावजूद तुलना केवल दोनों उपवाक्य के Subject में हो तभी वह PD का वाक्य SD में Interchangeable होगा। तुलना subject के अलावा किसी अन्य में होने पर वह PD का वाक्य SD में Interchange नहीं होगा।

Rules for Interchange (PD → SD)

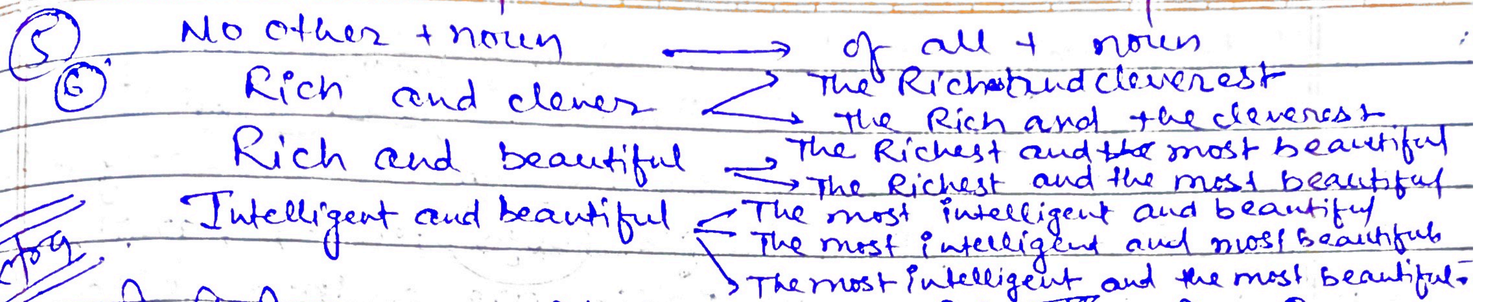
① If PD is positive / Neg. then SD is Neg. / positive.

② तुलनात्मक शब्दों के ~~स्थान~~ ~~के~~ बीच स्थानान्तरण

③ as/so [adj/adv] as/as → Superlative form में change करके लिखना होगा।

④ Superlative form of adj / adv. के पहले definite article 'the' या कोई noun / pronoun का possessive form (adj) use होगा। (compulsory)

Singular ↑   Plural ↑



Ex-for

(7) यदि किसी Sentence में to be क्रिया f.V. रूप में आयी हों तो उस वाक्य में 'of all' को हटाया जा सकता है। (केवल to be क्रिया के लिए) इसके साथ ही आने वाला noun singular हो जायेगा।

P.D:- No other man in this city is as rich as he.
S.D:- He is the richest of all men in this city.
or, He is the richest man in this city.

P.D:- No other girl in this school sings as sweet as she.
S.D:- She sings the sweetest of all girls in this school.

P.D:- No other watch in this show room is as expensive as that of my friend.
SD:- The watch of my friend is the most expensive of all ~~wa~~ ones in this show room.
or, The watch of my friend is the most expensive in this show room.
P.D:- No other boy bought as many pencils as pens.
S.D:- No change.

Degree of comparison (Very few → SD)

Date: ______ Page: ____

Interchange of degrees of comparison from positive to superlative. (singular होता है एक में से एक है नहीं निकाल सकते हैं)

Pos:- Very few boys in my family are as strong as he is.
Sup:- He is one of the strongest boys in my family.

Pos:- Very few cities in India are as large and beautiful as Kolkata is.
Sup:- Kolkata is one of the largest and the most beautiful cities in India.

Pos:- Very few examinees in examination hall had as many pens to take exam as he.
Sup:- He was one of the examinees in examination hall who/that the most pens to take exam.

Pos:- Very few students in this hostel labours as much to get grand success in Board Exam as a friend of mine.
Sup:- A friend of mine is one of the students in this hostel who/that labour the most to get grand success in Board Exam.

Pos:- Very boys have as many pens as pencils.
Sup:- No change.

Rules to follow (very few → SD)

* Subject के बीच तुलना महत्वपूर्ण है। पहले की तरह
* ~~कैसे करियार~~ (1) To be क्रिया (f.v) के रूप में d-
  → one of the + adj + plural nouns
  (adj → superlative form)

(2) To be क्रिया (f.v) को छोड़कर अन्य सभी क्रियाओं के साथ
PD → past tense तब SD में was/were → f.v
PD → past tense को छोड़कर सारी स्थितियों में तब SD में is/am/are

PTO

Date: Page:

~~of the~~ One of the. का use f.v के तुरंत बाद आता है। ↓

PD के Subject के आगे वाला noun और complement → anticident कहलाएगा। तथा noun के साथ का complement भी उसी के साथ attached रहेगा। * Anticident हमेशा plural होगा इसलिए which/who or that के बाद की आती क्रिया plural होगी (anticident, जो plural है, के अनुसार)। plural क्रिया के बाद the most + (plural noun) + comp.

(2) Sup :- Sub + f.v (is/are/am / was/were) + one of the + anticident + complement + who/that/which + verb (plural A/c anticident) + the most + plural noun + comp.

(1) Sup :- Sub + f.v (to be क्रिया) + one of + the + adj (superlative form) + noun (plural) + comp.

Degree of comparison (Some + noun / atleast → SD)

Interchange of degrees of comparison ~~comparative~~ from positive to superlative.

Pos :- Some students in this hostel are atleast as labourious and maritorious as he is.

Sup :- He is not the most laborious and the most maritorious of all students in this hostel.

Pos :- Some cities in India are at least as busy as Kolkata is.

Sup :- Kolkata is not the busiest of all cities in India.
or, Kolkata is not the busiest city in India.

Pos :- Some girls in this school sing atleast as sweat as Radha does.

Sup :- Radha does not sing the sweetest of all girls in this school

Pos :- Some men in this village like you atleast as much as me.

Sup :- No change

Samiliar to No other //

N.B. past participle

Date: ________ Page: ______

~~I had been~~

Practice वर्ड PD → SD → Given by sir 03/10/23

1 → SD:- The Rose looks the brightest, most beautiful and most attractive of all flowers.

2 → SD:- The Mount Everest is the highest of all peaks in the world.

Or, The Mount Everest is the highest peak in the world.

3 → SD:- No Change.

4 → SD:- Sheela has not got the most lines of the Ramayana by heart of all students in this hostel.

5 → SD:- A friend of my brother's is one of the players in this city who have scored the most goals in the football ~~bo~~ match.

6 → I was one of the students in this hostel who had to face the most difficulties pertaining to examination.

7 → SD:- My watch does not look ~~one~~ the most beautiful and attractive of all ones in this shop.

8 → SD:- He will not be able to solve the most questions of the question paper of all examinees in the examination hall.

9 → S.D:- The prime minister does not think about ~~the~~ the future of the country the most of all personalities in India.

10 → She ~~looks one of the most beautiful~~ the girls who/that

10 → SD:- She is one of the girls, who/that look the most beautiful in this neighbourhood.

11:- SD:- A friend of yours has not spent the most money to spend of all boys ~~to spend~~.

12:- No change.

13 → Mahatma Gandhi has covered the most distance in the field of humanity of all personalities in the world ~~in the field of humanity~~.

Transform the following into Superlative Degree

1. Very few emperors in ancient India were as kind and generous as Akbar was.
→ Akbar was one of the kindest and the most generous emperors in ancient India.

2. Very few cricketers in the world have scored as many runs in ODI as Sachin has.
→ Sachin is one of the cricketers in the world who/that have scored the most runs in ODI.

3. Very few farmers in this village had as many cattle as the father of a friend of mine.
→ The father of a friend of mine was one of the farmers in this village who/~~that~~ had the most cattles.

4. Very few members in my family will be able to earn as much money per month as he.
→ He is one of the members in my family who will be able to earn the most money per month.

5. Very few seaports in India are as large and busy as Mumbai is.
→ Mumbai is one of the ~~seaports in I~~ largest and busiest seaports in India.

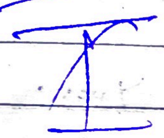
6. Very few flowers smell as sweet as the Rose does.
→ The Rose is one of the flowers which smell the sweetest.

7. Very few students in this hostel have prepared for entrance examination as well as my friend.
→ My friend is one of the students in this hostel who have prepared ~~the ov~~ the best for entrance examination the best.

8. Very few men in this city help my friend by money as much as you do.
→ You are one of the men in this city who help my friend ~~by money~~ the most by money.

9. very few policeman tried as much as to make the situation normal as you did.
→ You were one of the policemen who tried the most to make the situation normal.
10. Very few students in this hostel could spend as much time on study as he.
→ He was one of the students in the hostel who could spend the most time on study.

Excellent!
04/10/23



③ Interchange of degrees of comparison from ~~Positive~~ Comparative to positive

Comp – He is stronger than you are.
↗ but comparitive form

Note { He went to city for better treatment.
CD { He no less than his brother is guilty.
{ He is no other than a thief.

CD but no interchangible { The sky turned redder and redder.
{ The higher we go the colder we feel.

Gautam sentence ① है → दुखी / भयभीत / डरा हुआ
~~Gautam~~ → वह आपसे खुश है।
→ He is pleased with you.
or, He is happier than you are.

Gautam sentence ② → वह आपसे बड़ा है।
→ He is ~~older~~ senior to you.
or, He is older than you are.

* Here, There, once, Round, square, sphere, Right, wrong etc. ये सभी adverbs है लेकिन हम इन्हें gradable या non-gradable में बाँट नहीं सकते है।

* Major, Minor, senior, junior, Exterior etc. है सभी degree of comparison में प्रयोग नहीं किये जा सकते है तथा इन सभी के साथ हमेशा to का use होगा।

* ~~मैं माँस से अधिक मछली पसंद करता हूँ।~~
I prefer fish to meat.
or, I like fish more than meat. → दो sense

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Comp :- He is stronger and more honest than you are.
positive :- You are not so strong and honest as he.

Comparative — positive

more + Non-gradable ⟶ positive form of Non-gradable
more + Uncountable noun ⟶ much + Uncountable
more + Countable noun ⟶ many + Countable noun

Exercise - 41

Comparative to positive

17 → PD :- Tom is not so fat as Jack.
18 → PD :- Your brother is not so intelligent as you are.
19 → PD :- Tea is not so good as Milk.
20 → PD :- You are as dull as he is.
21 → PD :- Anything is not so good as something.
22 → P.D :- The sword is not so mighty as the pen.
24 :- P.D :- Iron is as useful as copper.
23 :- PD :- Iron is not so heavy as lead.
25 :- PD :- Gold is not so useful as Bread.
26 :- PD :- I am as intelligent as he is.
27 :- Your sister is not so beautiful as my sister.
29 :- Birds do not fly so fast as the aeroplane.
30 :- Your dog do not run so fast as my dog.
31 :- You do not know him so well as I do.
37 :- He has not so much wisdom as money.
39 :- A horse can run as fast as you can.
40 :- I do not read so carefully as he does.
42 :- I can not solve the problem so wisely as he can.
43 :- This man has not so much brain as money.
44 :- A dead lion is not so strong as a live ass.
45 :- A foolish friend is not so good as a wise enemy.
46 :- Riches (सम्पत्ति) are not so important as health is.
48 → I have not so many enemies as friends.
50 → It is not so easy to practise as to preach.

No other → Interchange CD to PD

Comp:- He is richer and more prosperous than all other men in this area.
pos:- No other man in this area is as rich and prosperous as he.

Comp:- She sings sweeter than any other girl in this school.
pos:- No other girl in this school sings as sweat as she.

Comp:- All other men in this village like you more than me.
pos:- No other man in this village likes me as much as you.

Comp:- He had more pens to write with than ~~the~~ most other students.
pos:- ~~No other~~ very few students has as much pens to write with as he.

Comp:- your friend can sell more wheat than most other men in this village.
pos:- Very few men in this village can sell as much wheat as your friend.

Comp:- Most other students like to read the novel more than the drama.
pos:- very few students like to read the drama as much as the novel.

Comp:- He is not more intelligent than some other boys in my class.
pos:- ~~He~~ some student atleast ~~are as intelligent as~~
Some boys in my class are atleast as intelligent as he is.

Comp:- He does not run faster than some other boys.
pos:- some boys run atleast as fast as he does.

Comp:- Some flowers do not look less bright and beautiful than the rose.
pos:- Some flowers look atleast as bright and beautiful as the rose does.

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Comp: Some boys spend less money than he. (do not)

pos:- ~~He~~ Some boys spend atleast as much money as he does.

Comp:- Some ~~students~~ children have not fewer ~~playing~~ playthings to play than ~~as he does~~ he.

→ Some children have atleast as many plaything to play as he has.

Comp:-

Exercise – 49

Comparative to Positive:

1. PD:- No other boy is as good as Ram.
2. PD:- No other city in India is a good as Mumbai.
3. PD:- No other newspaper in India is as powerful as the Times of India.
4. PD:- No other girl in my family is as beautiful as she.
5. PD:- No other metal is as heavy as lead.
16. PD:- very few girls are as intelligent as she is.
12. PD:- very few islands in the world are as big as Australia.
13. PD:- very few boys in the class are as strong as he is.
14. PD:- very few metals are as costly as Gold is.
15. PD:- very few kings in India were as great as Akbar.
25. PD:- very few countries are as rich as England is.
28. Some flowers are atleast as attractive as the rose.
29. Some boys in the class are atleast as laborious as Ram is.
30. 27. Some boys in my class are atleast as intelligent as Ram is.

Translate the following into English and then transform them into positive degree.

1. प्राचीन भारत में अशोक अन्य सभी शासकों से महान और उदार थे।

CD → Ashoka was greater ~~more~~ and more liberal / generous than all other rulers in ancient India.

PD:- No other ruler in ancient India was as great and generous / liberal as Ashoka was.

2. तुम्हारे दोस्त को नियमित रूप से विद्यालय नहीं जाने के लिए किसी अन्य छात्र से अधिक जुर्माना चुकाना पड़ सकता है।

CD:- → Your friend may have to pay more fine for not going to school regularly than any other student.

PD:- No other student may have to pay as much fine for not going to school regularly as your friend.

3. गुलाब अधिकांश अन्य सभी फूलों से ~~अधिक~~ मधुर महकता है।

CD → The rose smells sweeter ~~more~~ than most other flowers.

PD:- Very few flowers smell as sweet as the rose.

4. इस पुस्तक में यह कहानी अधिकांश अन्यों से रोचक लगती है।

CD:- → This story ~~in this book~~ seems ~~looks~~ more interesting than most other ones in this book.

PD:- Very few stories in this book seem / look as interesting as this one.

5. मेरे दोस्त को अधिकांश अन्य छात्रों से यहाँ अधिक गर्मी लगती है।

CD:- → My friend feels ~~more~~ hotter here than most other students.

PD:- Very few students feel as hot here as my friend does.

6. वह इस छात्रावास में अधिकांश अन्य छात्रों से अधिक गलतियाँ किया है।

CD:- → He has ~~done~~ made more mistakes than most other students in this hostel.

PD:- Very few students in this hostel have made as ~~many~~ many mistakes as he.

Clothes → पु० के लिंग
dress → (स्त्री) / (s) ई लिंग
uniform → विशेष पोशाक

7. मेरे वर्ग में उसके पास अध्ययन करने के लिए अधिकांश छात्रों से नये पाठ्यक्रम पर आधारित अच्छी प्रकाशन की अधिक पुस्तकें थी।

CD:- → He/she had more books of good publication based on new curriculum to study than most other students in my class.

PD:- Very few students in my class had as many books of good publication based on new curriculum to study as he/she. ✓

8. उसे जीवन में अधिकांश अन्य व्यक्तियों से अधिक चुनौतियों का सामना ~~का सामना~~ करना पड़ेगा।

CD:- → He will have to face more ~~difficulties~~ challenges in life than most other ~~persons/personalities~~ men ~~in life~~.

PD:- Very few men will have to face as many challenges in life as he has.

9. इस दुकान में यह पोशाक कुछ अन्य पोशाकों से सुन्दर और आकर्षक नहीं दिखता है।

CDL → This ~~uniform~~ dress ~~look~~ does not look more beautiful and attractive than ~~some~~ some other ones in this shop.

In this book PD:- Some ~~uniforms~~ dress in this shop look at least as beautiful and attractive as this one.

10. इस छात्रावास में मेरा दोस्त कुछ अन्य छात्रों से अधिक नहीं सोता है।

CD:- → My friend does not sleep ~~atleast~~ more than some other students ~~in this hostel~~.

PD:- Some students in this hostel sleep atleast as much as my friend.

11. इस गाँव के कुछ किसानों के पास तुम्हारे पिताजी से कम मवेशी नहीं है।

→ Your father has not ~~more~~ fewer cattles than some other farmers of this village.

Some other farmers of this village have not fewer cattles than your friend.

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12. इस गाँव में कुछ खिलाड़ी फुटबाल मैच में तुम्हारे दोस्त से कम गोल नहीं किये हैं।

CD:- → ~~You~~ Some other ~~foot~~ball players in this village have not ~~made~~ scored fewer goals in football match than your friend.

PD:- Some players in this village have scored atleast as many goals in the football match as your friend has.

13. मेरे परिवार के कुछ सदस्य उससे कम परिश्रम नहीं करते हैं।

CD:- → Some other members of my family do not ~~work~~ labours ~~do~~ less than he.

PD:- Some members of my family labours atleast as much as he does.

14. इस गाँव में कुछ किसान तुम्हारे दोस्त से कम गेहूँ नहीं उपजाते

CD:- → Some farmers in this village do not grow less wheat than your friend.

PD:- Some farmers in this village grow atleast as much wheat as your friend does.

15.

CD:- (11) Some other farmers of this village have not fewer cattles than your father.

PD:- ~~Your father~~ ~~is~~ Some farmers of this village have atleast as many cattles as your father has.

④ Degree of comparison

Interchange of degrees of comparison from comparative to Superlative :-

Comp:- He is wiser and more hardworking than any other member of my family.

Sup. pos:- He is the wisest and the most hardworking of all members of my family.

or, Comp:- He is the wisest and the most hardworking member of my family.

Comp:- The rose smells sweeter than all other flowers.

Sup pos:- The rose smells the sweetest of all flowers.

Comp:- All other boys like to play football more than volleyball.

Sup pos:- No change

E) comp:- London is bigger and busier than most other cities in the world.

Sup:- London is one of the biggest and busiest cities in the world.

Comp:- He bought more books for the preparation of Board Exam than most other students in my class.

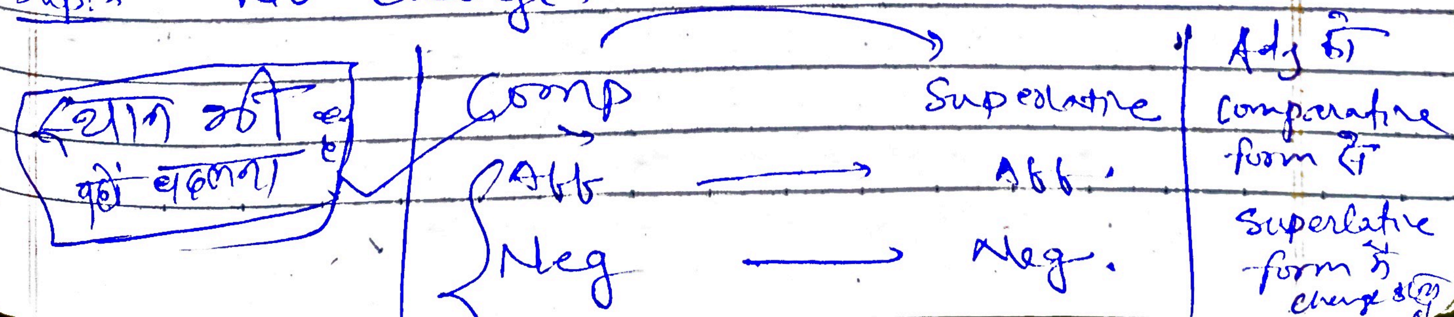
Sup:- He was one of the students in my class who bought the most books for the preparation of Board Exam.

Comp:- He helps me more by money than most other men.

Sup:- He is one of the men who help me the most by money.

Comp:- Most other teachers in this school like him more than me.

Sup:- No change.



Comparative — Superlative

Any other
Many other
All other } Change into → of all

Of all हट सकता है यदि to be क्रिया f.v के रूप में हो।

Most other — Change into → ① one of the
(Adj के just पहले)
जब to be क्रिया f.v के रूप में हो

Change into → ② To be क्रिया f.v को हटाकर

Relative Pronoun

is/are/am/was/were + one of the + anticedent + relative pronoun + ... + the most superlative form → ....

Sentence

Adj — Indi — Sense

Not in Sequence (Complete it @ home) (Pending Task)

1. माउन्ट एवरेस्ट विश्व की अन्य सभी चोटियों से ऊँची है।
→ Mount Everest is higher than all other ~~tops~~ peaks of the world.
SD: Mount Everest is the highest of all peaks of the world.

2. इस गाँव में कुछ किसान तुम्हारे दोस्त से कम धनी और समृद्ध नहीं है।
→ Some farmers are not less rich and prosperous than your friend in this village.
→ Your friend is not the richest and the most prosperous in this village.

3. इस छात्रावास में श्याम को अधिकांश अन्य छात्रों से रामायण की अधिक पंक्तियाँ कंठस्थ है।
→ Shyam has learnt more ~~stanzas~~ lines of the Ramayan by heart than most other students in this hostel.
→ ~~Most~~ Shyam is one of the students in this hostel who have got the most lines of the Ramayan by heart.

4. वह इस शहर में फुटबाल मैच में अधिकांश अन्य खिलाड़ियों से अधिक गोल ~~किए~~ किया।
→ He has scored more goals in the football match than most other players ~~in football match~~ in this ~~cit~~ city.

5. इस छात्रावास में मुझे अधिकांश अन्य छात्रों में परीक्षा से संबंधित अधिक कठिनाइयों का सामना करना पड़ा।
→ I had to face more difficulties pertaining to examination than most other students in this hostel.

6. प्रवेशिक परीक्षा की तैयारी के लिए वह छात्रावास ~~के~~ कुछ अन्य छात्रों ~~से~~ से अधिक पुस्तकें नहीं ~~किया~~। खरीदा है।
→ He has not bought more books than ~~any~~ some other student of this hostel for preparation of entrance exam

Date: ______ Page: ______

7. कुछ छात्र तुमसे प्रश्न पत्र के कम सवाल हल किए हैं।

→

→

8. कुछ फूल गुलाब से अधिक मधुर नहीं महकते हैं।
Some flowers does not smell more than the Rose.

→ ~~Rose does not smell~~

→ the Rose

9. गुलाब अधिकतम फूलों में अधिक खुबसूरत और आकर्षक दिखता है।

CD → The Rose looks more beautiful and attractive than most other flowers

SD → The Rose is one of the most ~~beautiful and attractive~~ flowers which looks beautiful and attractive

10. इस गाँव में अधिकांश किसानों के पास गेंहू से अधिक चावल है।

Most other farmers in this village have more rice than wheat

CD → ~~Most other student~~ ~~No change~~

SD → No change.

PD →

11. इस विद्यालय में अन्य सभी शिक्षक मुझसे अधिक तुम्हें पसंद करते हैं,

→ All other teachers in thes schools likes you more than me.

→ No change.

12. वह मेरे परिवार में अधिकांश/अधिकतम अन्य सदस्यों से अधिक कमाता है।

→ He earns more than most other members in my family.

→ He is one of ~~My family~~ the members in my family who earns the most

few ← less → little

→

13. इस गाँव मे कुछ किसानों के पास तुमसे कम मवेशी नहीं है।

→ Some farmers in this village have not fewer cattles than you.

→ You have not the most cattles of all farmers in village.

→ You have as few cattles as some farmers in this village.

14. मुम्बई हमारे देश में अन्य सभी बंदरगाहों से व्यस्त और बड़ा दिखाई

→ Mumbai looks busier and bigger than all other seaports in our country.

→ Mumbai looks the busiest and the biggest of all seaports in our country.

→ Very few seaports in our country looks as busy and big as Mumbai.

4 – Degree of comparison :–

Date: ________ Page: ________

Comp:– He is not more intelligent than some other students in my class.

Sup:– He is not the most intelligent of all students in my class.

or, He is not the most intelligent student in my class.

Comp:– Your friend does not run more slowly than some other boys.

Sup:– Your friend does not run the most slowly of all boys.

Comp:– Some other children have not more pens than pencils.

Sup:– No change.

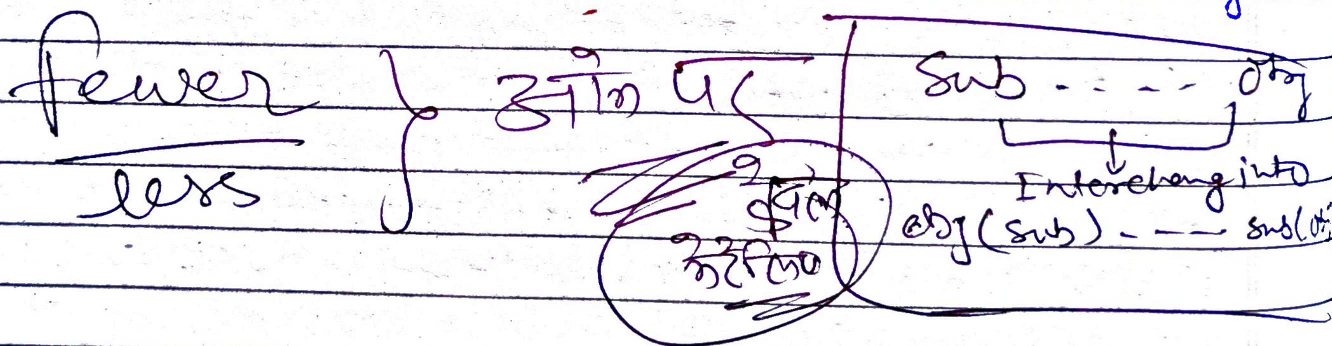
Comp:– Some boys in this hostel are not less laborious than he.

Sup:– He is not the most labourious of all boys in this hostel.

or, He is not the most laborious boy in this hostel.

Comp:– Some men in this village have not fewer cows than he.

Sup:– He has not the most cows of all men in this village.



Exercise 49   CD → S.D

Data: ______ Page: ______

1 → SD:- Ram is the best of all boys.
or, Ram is the best boy.

2 → SD:- Mumbai is the best of all cities in India.
or, Mumbai is the best city in India.

3 → The Times of India is the most powerful of all newspapers in India.

4 → She is the most beautiful of all girls in my family.

5 → Lead is the heaviest of all metals.

11 → She is one of the most intelligent ~~of all~~ girls.

12 → Australia is one of the biggest ~~of all~~ Island in the world.

13 → He is one of the strongest ~~of all~~ boys in the class.

14 → Gold is one of the costliest ~~closed~~ ~~of all~~ metals.

15 → Akbar was one of the greatest ~~of all~~ kings in India.

~~16~~ → 25 → England is one of the richest ~~of all~~ countries.

28 → The rose is not ~~one~~ the most attractive ~~intelligent~~ of all flowers ~~boys~~ in ~~my class~~ the world.

29 → Ram is not the most laborious of all boys in the class.

27 →

Previous Practice Questions given by Sir.

CD → SD

Date: Page:

① → SD!- Ashoka was the ~~most~~ greatest and most generous of all rulers in ancient India.

2 → SD!- your friend may have to pay the most fine for not going to school regularly of all students.

3 → SD!- The rose is one of the flowers which smell the most ~~of all~~. Sweetest

4 → SD!- This story is one of the ~~interesting one~~ ones in this book which seem the most interesting

5 → SD!- My friend is one of the students that who feel ~~hot~~ the ~~most~~ hottest here.

6 → SD!- He is one of the students in this hostel who have made ~~mistakes~~ the most mistakes.

7 → SD!- He/She was one of the students in my class who had the most book of good publication based on new curriculum to study.

8 → He is one of the persons/men who will have to face the most challenges in life

9 → This dress does not look the most beautiful and attractive of all ones in this shop

10 → My friend does not sleep the most of all students in this hostel.

11 → ~~No change~~ your father has not the most cattles of all farmers of this village.

12 → Your friend have not scored the most goals of all players in the football match.

13 → he do not labours the most of all members of my family

14 →

(5) Degree of Comparison

Interchange of degrees of comparison from Superlative to positive.

Sup:- He is the wisest and the most sensible of all men in my family.

or,
He is the wisest and the most sensible man in my family.

Pos:- No other man in my family is as wise and sensible as he.

Sup:- She sings the sweetest of all girls in this school.

Pos:- No other girl in this school sings as sweet as she.

Sup:- Kolkata is one of the largest and busiest cities in India.

Pos:- Very few cities in India are as large and busy as Kolkata is.

Sup:- He is one of the students in my class who have learnt the most poems of William Woodsworth by heart.

→ Very few students in my class have learnt as many ~~the~~ poems of William Woodsworth by heart as ~~me~~ he has.

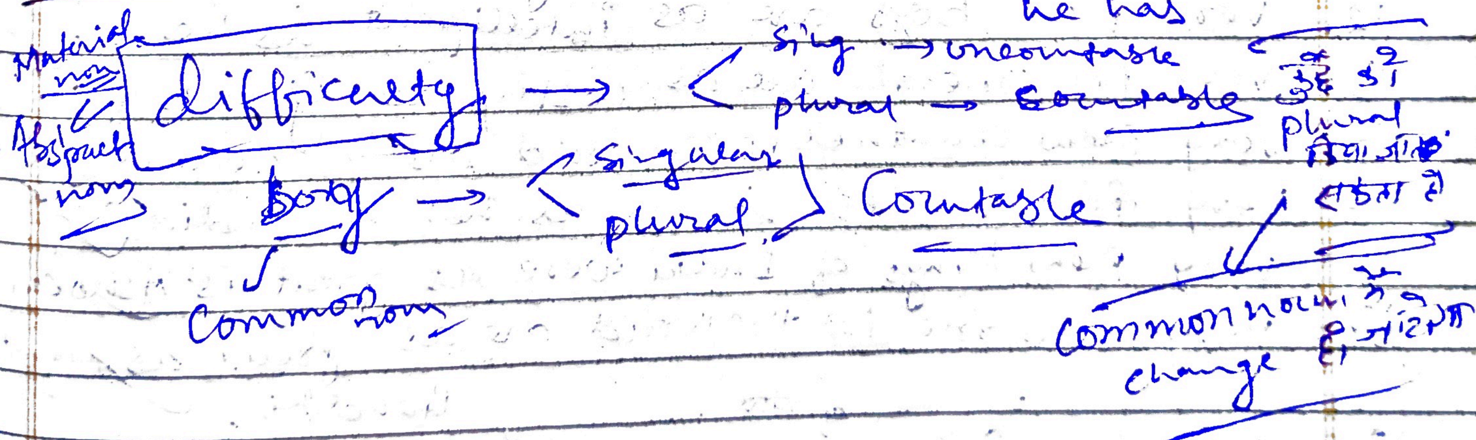
Sup:- He is not the most labourious of all students in this hostel.

or,
He is not the most laborious student in this hostel.

Pos:- Some students in this hostel are ~~not~~ atleast as labourious as he is.

Sup:- He has not lost the most ~~pest~~ pens of all students.

Pos:- Some students have ~~not~~ lost atleast as many pens as he has.



Exercise - 49

Date: ________ Page: ________

21. Very few books are as interesting as this one.
22. No other singer of my school is as good as she.
26. ~~No other~~ Some English poet ~~are~~ are atleast as great as Tennyson is.
32. Very few ~~religious~~ epics in India are as religious as ~~33~~ the Ramayana is.
33. Very few metals are as heavy as Iron.

Exercise - 48

1. No other boy of my school is as intelligent as Ram.
2. No other metal is as heavy as lead.
3. No other drama in Sanskrit is as good as Abhigyan shakuntalam.
5. No other newspaper in India is as powerful as the Times of India.
4. No other city in India is as good as Mumbai.
6. No other metal is as useful as Iron.
7. No other man in my family is as strong as he is.
8. No other Island in the world is as large as Greenland.
9. No other peak of the Himalayas is as high as Mount Everest.
10. No other picture is as beautiful as this one.
11. Very few kings ~~are~~ were as great as Akbar was.
12. Very few boys are as intelligent as he is.
13. Very few metals are as costly as Gold is.
14. Very few countries in the world are as rich as England is.
15. Very few coutries ~~is~~ are as hot as India is.
16. Very few kings of India were as great as Ashoka was.
17. Very few me in the world are as great as Mahatma Gandhi.
18. Very few friends of mine are as good as he is.
19. Very few towns in India are as big as Delhi is.
20. Very few politicians of Pt. Nehru's time ~~were~~ as great as he was.

21. very few towns (schools) are as big as Delhi is.
22. No other English dramatist are (is) as great as Shakespeare
23. very few enemies of mine are as strong as Mohan is
24. very few towns are as big as patna is
25. very few poets of England were as great as Milton was
26. No other poet of Modern India are (was) as good as Tagore was ~~Tennyson~~,
27. Some poets are atleast as great as Tennyson is.
28. Some students of my class are atleast as intelligent as he is
29. Some grains are ~~not~~ atleast as nutritions as wheat.
30. Some boys are atleast as cleaner as he is.

H.W → exercise – 48 & 49.

SD → CD

Exercise – 49 SD → CD

21 → This book is more interesting than most other books.
22 → She is better than any other singer of my school.
26 → Some English poets are less great than Tennyson.
Tennyson is not greater than some other English poets
32 →

(6) Degrees of comparison.

Interchange of degrees of comparison from superlative to comparative.

Sup:- He is the wisest and the most sensible of all men in my family.

Comp:- He is wiser and more sensible than any other man in my family.

Sup:- She sings the sweetest of all girls in this school.

Comp:- She sings ~~mor~~ sweeter than all other girls in this school.

Sup:- Kolkata is one of the largest and busiest cities in India.

Comp:- Kolkata is larger and busier than most other cities in India.

Sup:- He is one of the students in my class who have learnt the most poems of William Woodsworth by heart.

Comp:- He has learnt more poems of William Woodsworth by heart than most other students in my class.

Sup:- He is not the most laborious of all students in this hostel.

Comp:- Some students in this hostel are not less labourious than he. or

Comp:- He ~~has not~~ is not more labourious than some other students in this hostel.

Sup:- He has not lost the ~~most~~ pens of all students.

Comp:- He has not lost more pens than some other students.

or, Some students have not lost fewer pens than he.

* Exercise - 50 * (31 - 80)

31 → Milton was one of the greatest poets of England.

32 → Very few Indian towns are as big as Chennai is.

33 → Australia is bigger than most other islands in the world.

34 → India is ~~the best~~ one of the best countries in the world.

35 → It is not so easy to practice as to preach.

36 → Very few girls of my school are as intelligent as she is.

37 → The rose is ~~mo~~ sweeter than all other flowers.

38 → Walking is ~~one of the~~ the healthiest of all exercises.

39. He is greater than I am.

40 → A dead lion is not ~~as~~ so strong as a live ass.

41→ My father is more learned than I am. → CD ⇒ change
42→ No other poet was as great as Tennyson was.
43→ Ravi is not stronger than some other boys in my school.
or, Some boys in my school are not less strong than Ravi is.
44→ Meat is the most nutritions of all kinds beans.
45→ Some flowers are atleast as attractive as the rose.
46→ Some girls in my school are atleast as beautiful as she is.
47→ Wheat is not the most nutritions of all kinds of grains.
48→ No sooner did I cheat my mother than die.
~~I would sooner die than cheat my mother.~~
49→ You are not so very older in age as in mind.
50→ No other nobler man was born as Mahatma Gandhi.
A man was never born as noble as Mahatma Gandhi.

(1→30) H.W.

1→ You are not stronger than I am.
2→ Birds do not fly so fast as the aeroplane.
3→ Hindi is not so easy as English is.
4→ My sister is more beautiful than she.
5→ I can run as fast as you.
6→ Milk is not so sweet as Honey.
7→ Mohan is as intelligent as Sohan.
8→ Gold is not heavier than platinum.
9→ Ganesh is ~~more~~ abler than Manoj.
10→ ~~Brain has~~ He has not so much brain as money.
11→ The dog can run faster than the cat.
12→ I donot do it ~~more~~ as careful as he does.
13→ You donot know him ~~best~~ so well as I do.
14→ You donot know me ~~more~~ better than she does.
15→ I know him as well as you do.
16→ I would sooner die than tell a lie.
17→ The elder brother is not so clever as the younger one.
18→ No other church in London is as big as this one.
19→ No other flower is as beautiful as the rose. (complete change)
20→ My brother is more honest than any other man.

m. CD:- Some students in this school have not committed fewer mistakes than he.

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21 → No other town in India is as big as Mumbai ~~is~~.

22 → No other metal is as heavy as lead is,

~~23 → Shakespeare was the best dramatist of all~~

23 → Shakespeare was the greatest of all English dramatist.

~~24 → metal is not as heavy as lead is~~,

24 → No other metal is as heavy as ~~the~~ lead is.

25 → The prince is taller than the princess.

26 → Shakespear was not greater than Kalidas ~~was~~.

27 → No other dramatist in India was as great as Kaliday.

28 → ~~No other~~ Raja is better than any other singer in the school

29 → Ashoka was one of the greatest rulers of India.

30 → ~~King~~ Akbar was greater than most other kings.

~~Comp:- Ashoka was greater than most other rulers of India.~~

Translate the following into English and then Transform them into positive and Comparative Degree.

1. वह विद्यालय में सभी छात्रों से अधिक गलतियाँ नहीं किया है।

→ He has not committed the most mistakes of all students in the school

CD:- He has not committed more mistakes than some other students in this school

PD:- Some students in this school has committed atleast as many mistakes as he has.

2. यह कहानी इस पुस्तक के सभी से रोचक है।

→ This Story is the most interesing of all ones in this book

CD:- This story is more interesting than ~~any other one~~, all other ones,

PD:- No other ~~student~~ story in this book is as interesting as this one.

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3. गुलाब सभी फूलों से मधुर महकता है।

→ The Rose smells the sweetest of all flowers.

PD:- No other flower smells as sweet as the rose.

CD:- The Rose smells more sweeter than any other flowers.

4. खर्च करने के लिए, उसके पास सभी लड़कों से अधिक पैसा नहीं है।

→ He has not the most money to spend ~~money~~ of all boys ~~to spen~~

PD:- Some boys have not atleast as much money to spend as he has.

CD:- He has not more money to spend than some other boys.

or, Some boys have not less ~~more~~ money to spend than he.

5. वह इस छात्रावास में सभी छात्रों से अधिक परिश्रम नहीं करता है।

→ He does not do the most labour of all students in this hostel.

PD:- Some students in this hostel ~~do not~~ do ~~atleast~~ as much labour as he does.

CD:- He does not do more labour than some other students in this hostel.

or, Some students in this hostel do not do less labour than he.

6. वह इस गाँव में उन किसानों में से एक है जिनके पास खेत जोतने के लिए सबसे अधिक बैल है।

→ He is one of the farmers in this village who have the most oxen to plough the field.

CD:- He has more oxen to plough the field than most other farmers in this village.

PD:- Very few farmers in this village have as many oxen to plough the field as he has.

7. वह मेरे परिवार में उन सदस्यों में से एक है जिन्हें रामायण की सबसे अधिक पंक्तियाँ कंठस्थ है।

→ He is one of the members in my family who have learned the most lines of the Ramayana by heart.

CD:- He has learned more lines of Ramayana ~~the or~~ ~~than~~ by heart than most other members in my family.

PD:- Very few members in my family has learned as many ~~the~~ lines of the Ramayana by heart ~~than~~ as he has.

8. वह इस छात्रावास में उन छात्रों में से एक था जिन्हें सबसे अधिक कठिनाइयों का सामना करना पड़ा।

→ He was one of the students in this hostel who had faced the most difficulties.

PD:- Very few students in this hostel had faced as many difficulties as he had.

CD:- He had faced more difficulties than most other student in this hostel.

9. महात्मा गाँधी विश्व के सबसे महान और उदार व्यक्तियों में से एक थे

→ Mahatma Gandhi was one of the greatest and the most liberal personalities of the world

CD:- Mahatma Gandhi was greater and more liberal than most other personalities of the world.

PD:- Very few personalities of the world were as great and liberal as Mahatma Gandhi was.

10. वह सभी छात्रों से अधिक परिश्रम करता है।

→ He works the ~~hardest~~ most of all students.

CD:- He works more than any other student.

PD:- No other student works as much as he does



Degree of Comparison

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Positive	Comparative	Superlative
✓ Little	less / Lesser	least
✓ few	fewer	fewest

Degrees of Comparison (प्रयोग वाला Rule)

(1)
Pos:- Some girls in this school sing atleast as sweet as she does. → (ज्यादा है)
Comp:- She does not sing sweeter than some other girls in this school. (ज्यादा है)
or,
Pos:- Some girls in this school donot sing less sweet than she. → (कम है)*
Sup:- She does not sing the sweetest of all girl in this school. → (ज्यादा है)

(2)
Pos:- Some girls in this ~~hostel~~ school sing atleast as little sweet as she does (कम है)
Comp:- She does not sing less sweet than some other girls in this hostel, (कम है)
or, Some girls in this hostel do not sing sweeter than she, → (ज्यादा है)*
Sup:- She does not sing the least sweet of all girls in this school. → (कम है)

(3)
Comp:- He has not fewer pens than some other boys. → (कम है)
or, Some boys have not more pens than he, → (ज्यादा है)
Pos:- Some boys have atleast as few pens as he has. → (कम है)
Sup:- He has not the fewest pens of all boys. → (कम है)

Use of modifier.

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Positive	Comparative	Superlative
→ very	Much	the very / much the

very किसी भी Adj/Adv के पहले → positive.

Much किसी भी Adj/Adv के पहले → comparative

The very / Much the ,, ,, ,, के पहले → superlative

In Hindi → अधिक / बहुत / ज़्यादा के बाद adj/Adv.

गलती हो सकती है — Modifier use के time modifier के साथ आने वाले Adj/Adv का form भी change करना होता है।

Comparison Indicating Sentence (Special Degree)

→ Always negative

Pattern:- 1:- Sub + verb + not + all + that + adj

Note:- आजकल बातचीत इस तरह के वाक्यों का प्रयोग धड़ल्ले से हो रहा है।

Eg:- यह उतना सस्ता नहीं है। | यह उतना आसान नहीं है।
It is not all that cheap | → It will not be all that easy.
यह पहाड़ी उतनी ऊँची नहीं है।
This hill is not all that high.
गीता उतनी सुन्दर नहीं दिखती है।
Geeta does not look all that beautiful.

pattern:- 2:- Sub + verb + alike.

Eg:- वे दोनों समान / एक समान है।
→ They both are alike.
वे समान / एक समान दिखते हैं / वे देखने में समान / एक समान लगते हैं।
→ They look alike.
वे तीनों छात्र एक समान व्यवहार करते हैं।
All those three students behave alike.

pattern:- 3:- Sub + verb + like + noun (Noun/Adj Both)
Eg:- Or, Sub + verb + noun + ish
ऐसे वाक्यों से यह बोध होता है कि दो व्यक्तियों या वस्तुओं के बीच गुण की मात्रा प्रायः समान है।
Eg:- वह बच्चा सा लगता है।
→ He looks like a child.
He looks childish

Metaphor
figure of Speech

वह बाघ सा लगता है।
→ He looks like a Tiger.
He looks Tigerish.
वह लड़का सा ~~लड़क~~ लगती है।
→ She looks like a boy.
She looks boyish.

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वह लड़की सी लगता है।

→ He looks like a Girl.

He looks girlish

pattern:- 1!- Sub+ verb+ Adj + ish.

इस तरह के बनावट वाले वाक्यों के विशेषणों (विशेषण + सा/सी) से यह बोध होता है कि गुण की मात्रा उतनी नहीं है जितनी स्वाभाविक रूप से होना चाहिए।

Eg!- यह कमीज लाल सा है।

This shirt is reddish

यह फूल ~~खिला सा~~ पीला सा है।

This flower is yellowish.

वह बुढ़ी सी दिखती है।

She looks oldish.

Note!- क्रिया से बने हुए हुए विशेषण + सा/से/सी का अनुवाद (participial adj) के द्वारा होता है। Adj+ ish के द्वारा नहीं।

वह थकी सी लगती है।

She looks ~~like~~ tired.

आपका चेहरा मुर्झाया सा लगता है।

Your face looks faded.

Patt:- Sub + verb + the same + noun + as + noun + s-genitive ('s).

or Sub + verb + the same + noun + as + Possessive pro.

Eg. यह वही घडी है जो श्याम की है।

This is the same watch as Shyam's

यह वही कमीज है जो तुम्हारा है।

This is the same ~~Shirth~~ Shirt as yours.

यह वही कलम है जो तुम्हारे दोस्त की है।

This is the same pen as your friend's.

राम ने भात खाया सीता ने भात

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ये वही खिलौने हैं जो मेरे हैं।

These are the same toys as mine.

Note!:- ऐसे वाक्यों से भी तुलना का बोध होता है।

Resemblance ⟶ as (जब verb न लिखा हो)

Identity ⟶ that

pattern:-6:- Sub + verb + the same + noun + as + sub + verb + comp

⟶ sub + verb + the same + noun + that + sub + verb + comp.

Eg:- यह वही कलम है जिसे/जो मैंने कल खरीदी थी।

This is the same pen as I bought yesterday.

This is the same pen that I bought yesterday.

यह वही पुस्तक है जिसे/जो आप कल लाये थे।

This is the same book as you brought yesterday.

This is the same book that you brought yesterday.

This is the same pen I bought yesterday.

This is the same book you bought yesterday.

⟶ ommission of Relative pron.

Note:- जब/जो/जिसे का प्रयोग obj. की तरह होता है तब इसका अनुवाद as/that होता है। और इसे लुप्त भी किया जा सकता है।

Eg:- The same के बाद हमेशा as आता है। जब इसे बाद verb क्रिया रहता है।

Eg:- This is the same camera as mine.

The same के बाद as/that आता है। जब verb क्रिया नहीं रहता है।

Eg:- This is the same pen as/that I bought yesterday.

ऐसे वाक्यों में The same as से समानता (Resemblance) का बोध होता है पर The same that से बिलकुल एक (Identity) का भाव व्यक्त होता है।

Eg:- This is the same pen as I bought yesterday
(दोनों में समानता है)

This is the same pen as that I bought yesterday. (दोनों में Identity है बिलकुल एक है।)

Pattern:- 7:- Just as + clause + in the same way + clause.

Eg:- जिस प्रकार / जैसे आदमी सुख दुख का अनुभव करता है उसी प्रकार / वैसे ही पेड़-पौधे भी सुख दुःख का अनुभव करते हैं।

→ Just as man feels pain and pleasure in the same way trees and plants too feel pain and pleasure.

जिस प्रकार / जैसे बच्चे सुन्दर लगते हैं उसी प्रकार / वैसे ही फूल सुन्दर लगते हैं।

→ Just as children look beautiful in the same way flowers look beautiful.

* ऐसे वाक्यों से भी तुलना का बोध होता है और समानता का भाव व्यक्त होता है।

Pattern:- 8:- Sub + verb + more + adj + than + adj

Eg:- वह बहादुर अधिक है और बुद्धिमान कम।
→ He is more brave than wise.
वह बेवकूफ अधिक है और बदमाश कम।

→ He is more foolish than wicked.

⇒ ऐसे वाक्यों में एक ही व्यक्ति के गुणों की तुलना की जाती है। और इन गुणों के बीच असमानता का बोध होता है। अर्थात यह बोध होता है की एक गुण की मात्रा अधिक है और दूसरे गुण की मात्रा कम है।

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Pattern :- 9 :- Sub + verb + one of the + adj (Superlative form) + plural noun + if not the + adj (Superlative form)

Eg :- वह सबसे अच्छा लड़का नहीं तो कम से कम उनमें से एक तो अवश्य है।

He is ~~most~~ one of the best boys if not the best.

पं० नेहरू सबसे महान नेता नहीं तो कम से कम उनमें से एक तो अवश्य थे।

pt. Nehru was one of the ~~b~~ greatest leaders if not the greatest.

→ ऐसे वाक्यों के दो भाग होते हैं। हिंदी का दूसरा भाग अंग्रेजी वाक्य में पहले आता है और पहला भाग बाद में। अंग्रेजी में वाक्य का दूसरा भाग if से शुरू होता है और ऐसे वाक्यों में कम से कम का अनुवाद नहीं होता है।

pattern :- 10 :- This is the + adj (Superlative form) + Sub + have + ever + past participle + comp.

~~Eg~~ This is the + adj (Superlative form) + ~~Sub~~ ever + past participle (V3) + comp.

मैंने जितनी पुस्तकें ~~लि~~ लिखी हैं उनमें सबसे अच्छी यह है।

This is the best ~~B~~ book that/which I have ever written.

~~This is the best bwo that/which ever written.~~

यहाँ जितने मैच खेले गये हैं उनमें सबसे अच्छा यह है।

This is the best match ever played here.

उमा ने जितनी कारें खरीदी हैं उनमें ~~से~~ सबसे महँगी यह।

This is the coastliest care that/which Uma has ever bought.

→ ऐसे वाक्यों के दो भाग होते हैं और हिन्दी का दूसरा भाग अंग्रेजी वाक्य में पहले आता है और पहला भाग बाद में। ऐसे वाक्यों में दूसरे भाग के पहले आने वाला relative pronoun that/which छिपा रहता है।

Imp

क्रमिक विकास / ह्रास को क्रमबद्ध ढंग से दिखाया जाता है,

Pattern :- 11 :- The + comparative + ~~the~~ clause + the + comparative + clause.

eg :- ज्यों-ज्यों / जैसे-जैसे / जितना ही हम ऊपर जाते हैं त्यों-त्यों / वैसे-वैसे / तैसे-तैसे / उतना ही ठंढक महसूस करते हैं।

The higher we go the colder do we feel.
the colder we feel.

वह जितना अधिक पाता है वह उतना अधिक चाहता है। (place of noun → का eg है,)

The more he gets, the more does he wants.

ऐसे वाक्यों से गुण की समानांतर कमी / वृद्धि का बोध होता है।

Pattern :- 12 :- (गुण की क्रमिक वृद्धि / ह्रास)

Sub + verb (get / grow / turn) + comparative + and + comparative,

eg :- रोगी की हालत खराब होती जा रही है।

The condition of patient is getting worse and worse

वह अच्छा होता जा रहा है।

He is getting better and better.

आकृति छोटी होती चली गयी।

The image grew smaller and smaller.

सूरज लाल होता चला गया।

The sun ~~r~~turned redder and redder.

→ ऐसे वाक्यों से गुण की क्रमिक वृद्धि का बोध होता है।

1. यह वही लड़का है जिसके साथ अंग्रेजी बोलना सीखना चाहते थे
→ This is the very same boy with whom you wanted to learn how to speak English.

2. वह मेरे परिवार में सबसे ईमानदार और मेहनती लड़कों में नहीं तो ~~सब~~ कम से कम उनमें से एक तो अवश्य है।
→ He is one of the most honest ~~host~~ and labourious ~~of~~ boy in my family if not the most honest and labourious boy.

3. मैंने जितनी कविताएँ लिखी है उनमें सबसे रोचक यह है।
→ This is the most interesting ~~poet~~ poems that I have ever written

4. यह वही घडी है जो आपके दोस्त की है।
X → This is the same watch as ~~that~~ your friend's

5. वह थकी और घबराई सी लगती है।
→ She looks like tired and puzzeled.

6. यह वही कार है जिसे आप खरिदना चाहते थे।
→ This is the very same car that you wanted to buy.

7. जिस प्रकार रेडियो एक मशीन है ठीक उसी प्रकार हमारा शरीर भी एक मशीन है।
→ Just as the radio is a machine in the same way our body is also a machine.

8. यह वही कमीज है जो आपका है।
→ This is the same shirt as yours

9. इंग्लैंड विश्व में सबसे धनी देश नहीं तो ~~सब~~ कम से कम उनमें से एक तो अवश्य है।
→ England is ~~not~~ one of the richest countries in the world if not the ~~most~~ richest ~~country~~

Case chart of pronoun + Tense + To be क्रिया + to have { imperitive model verbs

10. हम अपने जीवन में जितने भी दृश्य देखे हैं उनमें सबसे भयावह यह है।

→ This is the most horrible site ~~that~~ we have ever seen in our ~~lifes~~ lives.